at 12-hour intervals, intramuscularly or intravenously.

- (ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of physiological parturient edema of the mammary gland and associated structures.
- (iii) Limitations. Treatment not to exceed 48 hours post-parturition. Milk taken during treatment and for 48 hours (four milkings) after the last treatment must not be used for food. Cattle must not be slaughtered for food within 48 hours following last treatment.

[66 FR 47961, Sept. 17, 2001]

§522.1020 Gelatin solution.

- (a) Specifications. It is sterile and each 100 cubic centimeters contains 8 grams of gelatin in an 0.85 percent sodium chloride solution.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) It is used to restore circulatory volume and maintain blood pressure in animals being treated for shock.
- (2) The exact dosage to be administered must be determined after evaluating the animal's condition and will vary according to the size of the animal and the degree of shock. A suggested dosage range for small animals such as dogs is 4 to 8 cubic centimeters per pound body weight. The suggested dosage range for large animals such as sheep, calves, cows, or horses is 2 to 4 cubic centimeters per pound of body weight. It is administered intravenously at a rate of 10 cubic centimeters per minute in small animals and 20 to 30 cubic centimeters per minute in large animals. The solution is administered aseptically and must be between 50 to 70 °F. when injected.
- (3) A few animals will exhibit signs of allergic reaction. This solution can cause transient reversible nephrosis. This product is not intended to replace whole blood in cases of anemia and should not be used in the presence of renal dysfunction. Unused portions remaining in bottles should be discarded.
- (4) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 522.1044 Gentamicin sulfate injection.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution contains gentamicin sulfate equivalent to either 5, 50, or 100 milligrams of gentamicin.
- (b) Sponsors. (1) See No. 000061 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for use of: 5-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in swine as in paragraph (d)(4) of this section, 50-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in dogs and cats as in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, 50- and 100-milligrams-per-milliliter solution in chickens and turkeys as in paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(3) of this section.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (3) See No. 000010 for use of 50 milligrams-per-milliliter solution in dogs as in paragraph (d)(5) of this section.
- (4) See No. 059130 for use of 100 milligram-per-milliliter solution in turkeys as in paragraph (d)(2) of this section and in chickens as in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.300 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Dogs and cats—(i) Amount. Two milligrams of gentamicin per pound of body weight, twice daily on the first day, once daily thereafter, using a 50 milligram-permilliliter solution.
- (ii) Indications for use—(a) Dogs. For the treatment of infections of urinary tract (cystitis, nephritis), respiratory tract (tonsillitis, pneumonia, tracheobronchitis), skin and soft tissue (pyodermatitis, wounds, lacerations, peritonitis).
- (b) Cats. For the treatment of infections of urinary tract (cystitis, nephritis), respiratory tract (pneumonitis, pneumonia, upper respiratory tract infections), skin and soft tissue (wounds, lacerations, peritonitis), and as supportive therapy for secondary bacterial infections associated with panleucopenia.
- (iii) Limitations. Administer intramuscularly or subcutaneously. If response is not noted after 7 days, the antibiotic sensitivity of the infecting organism should be retested. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (2) Turkeys—(i) Amount. One milligram of gentamicin per 0.2 milliliter dose, using the 50- or 100-milligrams-